



500 W DC-DC Converter



The RCM500E Series converters are reliable power supplies for railway and transportation systems.

They are optimized for 72 or 110 V railway batteries, delivering output power 500 W at 24 V. The converters are designed for chassis mounting and exhibit a closed housing with cooling openings.

Many options are available, such as an output ORing FET for redundant operation, interruption time of 10 ms, shutdown input, and a output voltage monitoring (solidstate relay).



- Unbeatable small form factor (830 cm³ only)
- · Optimized for 72 V or 110 V railway batteries
- · Output voltage 24 V
- · Closed housing for chassis mounting
- · Extremely high efficiency and high power density
- · Low inrush current
- 3 connectors: Input, output, auxiliary (option)
- · Overtemperature, overvoltage, overcurrent and short-circuit protection
- · Multiple options available
- Compliant to EN 50155, EN 50121-3-2, AREMA
- · RoHS-compatible for all 6 substances
- Fire and smoke: compliant to EN 45545 and NFPA 130
- 5-year warranty
- · Safety-approved to the latest edition of IEC/EN 62368-1 and UL/CSA 62368-1 (Pending approvals)











1 pending

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MODEL SELECTION

Table 1: Standard models

Input voltage			Out	put	Power	Efficiency ²	Model	Options		
V _{i min} 1 [V]		V _{i cont} [V]		V _{i max} 1 [V]	V _{o nom} [V]	/ _{o nom} [A]	P _{o nom} [W]	η _{typ} [%]		
43.2	50.4	(72)	90	110	24	21	500	95	72RCM500E-24	DMOFK
66	77	(110)	137.5	154	24	21	500	95	110RCM500E-24	D, M, Q, F, K

¹ Short time; see table 2 for details.

Part Number Description

		110 RCM500E -24 D M Q F K
Operating input voltage $V_{\text{i cont}}$ (continuous	sly):	
50.4 – 90 VDC		
77 – 137.5 VDC	110 ———	
Series	RCM500E	
Nominal output voltage:		
24 V	24	
Auxiliary functions and options:		
Out OK, shutdown 1		
Interruption time		
ORing FET		
Fuse built-in		
Pluggable Connectors	K ———	

¹ Opt. D requires the auxiliary connector.

Note: The sequence of options must follow the order above. **Note:** All models are RoHS-compliant for all six substances.

Available combinations of options:

72/110RCM500E-24 (K) 72/110RCM500E-24D (K) 72/110RCM500E-24DF (K) 72/110RCM500E-24DMQ (K) 72/110RCM500E-24DMQF (K)

Example: 110RCM500E-24DMQ: DC-DC converter, input voltage range 77 to 137.5V continuously, output providing 24 V / 21 A, monitoring relay, shutdown input, interruption time 10 ms, integrated ORing FET, RoHS-compliant for all six substances.

Product Marking

Type designation, applicable safety approval and recognition marks, CE mark, pin allocation, and product logo.

Input voltage range and input current, nominal output voltage and current, degree of protection, batch no., serial no., and data code including production site, version (modification status) and date of production.



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² Efficiency at T_A = 25 °C, $V_{\text{i nom, }} I_{\text{o nom}}$.

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FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The converters are designed as active clamp forward converters with a switching frequency of approximately 140 kHz. The built-in high-efficient input filter together with a small input capacitance generates very low inrush current of short duration. An anti-parallel diode acts as reverse polarity protection together with the external circuit breaker or fuse.

The circuitry providing the interruption time (opt. M) is located after the input filter. The rectification on the secondary side is provided by synchronous rectifiers, in order to keep the losses as low as possible. The output voltage control logic is located on the secondary side and influences the primary logic and PWM control circuit.

An auxiliary converter supplies all circuits with a stable bias voltage. An output ORing FET is available (option Q) and allows for a redundant power supply system. If there are no external circuit breakers, it is possible to order the converter with incorporated fuse (opt. F). Because this fuse is not accessible, a serial FET provides reverse polarity protection (only with option F or M). Opt. D encompasses an additional auxiliary connector and allows for output voltage monitor and a primary shutdown.

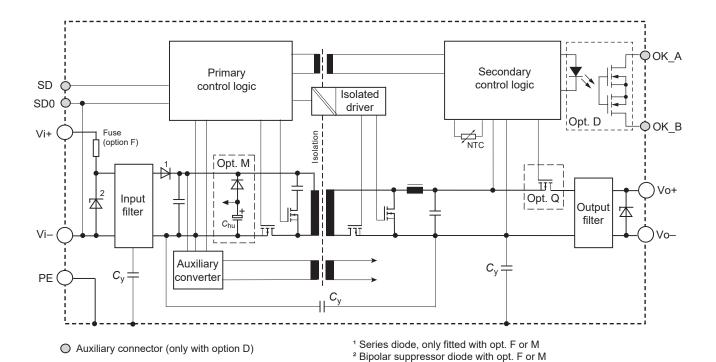


Fig. 1 Block diagram



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ELECTRICAL INPUT DATA

General conditions:

- T_A = 25 °C, unless specified.

Table 2: Input data of RCM500E models

Mod	el		72	RCM500I	E-24	110	ORCM500	E-24	Unit
Char	acteristics	Conditions	min	typ	max	min	typ	max	
V _i	Operating input voltage	$I_{o} = 0 - I_{o \text{ max}}$ $T_{A \text{ min}} - T_{A \text{ max}}$	50.4	(72)	90	77	(110)	137.5	
V _{i2s}	for ≤ 2 s	without shutdown	43.2		100.8	66		154	V
$V_{\text{i nom}}$	Nominal input voltage			72			110		
V _{i abs}	Input voltage limits	3 s without damage	0		105	0		160	
<i>I</i> _i	Typical input current	V _{i nom} , I _{o nom}		7.3			4.8		Α
P _{i0}	No-load input power	$V_{i \min} - V_{i \max} I_{o} = 0$		3	5		3	5	W
PisD	Idle input power	$V_{\text{i min}} - V_{\text{i max}}, V_{\text{SD}} = 0 \text{ V}$			1			1	VV
C _i	Input capacitance 1			65			65		μF
R _i	Input resistance			14			14		mΩ
I _{inr p}	Peak inrush current ²	V - V - D			25			40	Α
t _{inr d}	Duration of inrush current	$V_i = V_{i \text{ max}}, P_{o \text{ nom}}$			3			5	
	Start-up time	$0 \rightarrow V_{\text{i min,}} P_{\text{o nom}}$			1000			1000	
t _{on}	Start-up time after removal of shutdown	$V_{\text{i min}}, P_{\text{o nom}}$ $V_{\text{SD}} = 0 \rightarrow 5 \text{ V}$		300	500		300	500	ms

¹ Not smoothed by the inrush current limiter at start-up (for inrush current calculation)

Input Transient and Reverse Polarity Protection

A suppressor diode and a symmetrical input filter form an effective protection against input transients, which typically occur in many installations, but especially in battery-driven mobile applications.

If the input voltage has the wrong polarity, the incorporated anti-parallel diode will cause the external input circuit breaker or fuse to trip. With option M or F (incorporated fuse), an active reverse-polarity protection circuit prevents from any damage.

Input Under-/Overvoltage Lockout

If the input voltage is out of range, an internally generated signal disables the converter to avoid any damage.



² Initial peak current caused by charging EMI suppression capacitors is disregarded from inrush current considerations.

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ELECTRICAL OUTPUT DATA

General conditions:

- $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C, unless $T_{\rm C}$ is specified

Table 3: Output data

Mode	l			7	2/110RCM500E-	24	Unit		
Chara	acteristics		Conditions	min	typ	max			
V _o	Output voltage		V _{i nom} , 0.5 I _{o nom}	23.76	24	24.24			
V_{ow}	Worst case output voltage		Worst case output voltage		$V_{\text{i min}} - V_{\text{i max}}$ $T_{\text{C min}} - T_{\text{C max}}, 0 - I_{\text{o nom}}$	23.28		24.72	V
V _{o droop}	Output voltage droop				- 25		mV/A		
V _{oL}	Overvoltage shutdown 5					28	V		
V _{oP}	Overvoltage protec	tion 1		28.5	30	41.5	V		
l _{o nom}	Nominal output cur	rent	T T		21				
I _{o L}	Output current limit		$T_{C min} - T_{C max}$	21.5		26	A		
.,	Output poice 2	Switching frequency	V _{i nom} , I _{o nom}			120			
V _o	Output noise ²	Total incl. spikes	BW = 20 MHz			240	mV _{pp}		
V _{od}	Dynamic load	Voltage deviation ⁴	V _{i nom} ,			1000	''		
t _d 3	regulation	Recovery time	0.1 ↔ 0.9 <i>I</i> _{o nom}			5	ms		

Breakdown voltage of the incorporated suppressor diode at 1 mA . Exceeding this value might damage the suppressor diode.

Output Voltage Regulation

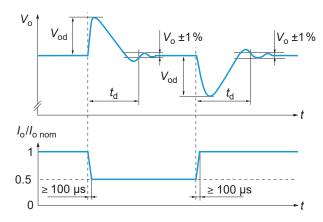


Fig. 2
Typical dynamic load regulation of output voltage



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² Measured according to IEC/EN 61204 with a probe described in annex A

³ Recovery time until V_0 returns to ±1% of V_0 ; see fig. 2.

⁴ No overshoot at switch on.

⁵ Output overvoltage shutdown by an electronic circuitry, with automatic recovery.

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Output Current Limitation

The output is continuously protected against open-circuit (no load) and short-circuit by an electronic current limitation with rectangular characteristic; see Fig. 3.

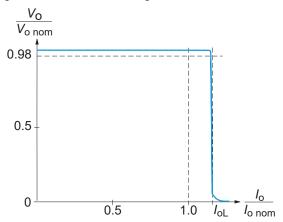


Fig. 3
Rectangular current limitation

Series, Parallel Connection, Redundancy

The outputs of several RCM Series converters may be connected in series.

Note: If the sum of the output voltages is greater than 60 V, it cannot be considered being ES1 (Safety Extra Low Voltage) according to the safety standards.

The outputs RCM Series converters may be connected in parallel. In order to ensures proper current sharing, the load lines should have equal length and section. The output voltage exhibits a slight droop characteristic, which facilitates current sharing.

For redundant systems, it is recommended to use option Q, which exhibits ORing diodes built by FETs, in order to keep the losses to a minimum.

Thermal Considerations and Protection

A temperature protection is incorporated in the secondary control logic. It generates an internal inhibit signal, which disables the converter in case of overtemperature. The converter automatically recovers, when the temperature drops below the limit; see Fig. 4. The relationship between T_A and T_C depends heavily upon the conditions of operation and the integration into a system.

Caution: The installer must ensure that under all operating conditions $T_{\rm C}$ remains within the limits stated in table 7. For installation without external heatsink it is recommended to use forced air or reduced output power.

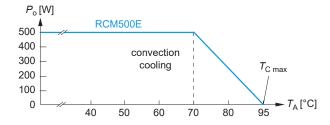


Fig. 4
Typical output power derating versus temperature;
horizontal mounting position, free convection cooling.

LED Indicator

Each converter exhibits a green LED "Out OK", signaling that the output voltage is present.



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DESCRIPTION OF OPTIONS

Option D: Output Monitor, Shutdown

Option D consists of several auxiliary functions (OK, SD) and encompasses an additional auxiliary connector.

Output Voltage Monitor (OK)

The output voltage V_{α} is monitored.

Option D encompasses an output voltage monitor by a solid state relay. When Vo is in range, a solid state relay is activated (connecting OK A with OK B). Max. data of relay contacts: 30 mA/154 VDC.

Primary Shutdown (SD)

The output of the converter may be enabled or disabled by a logic signal (e.g. CMOS) applied between the shutdown pin SD and SD0 (= Vi–). If the shutdown function is not required, pin SD can be left open-circuit. Voltage on pin SD:

Converter operating: 12 V to $V_{i max}$ or open-circuit

Converter disabled: -2 to +2 V

The output response is shown in Fig. 5.

Note: In systems consisting of several converters, this feature may be used to control the activation sequence by logic signals or to enable the power source to start up, before full load is applied.

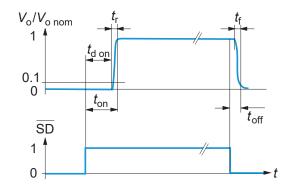


Fig. 5
Typical output response to the SD-signal.

Option M: Interruption Time

The interruption time t_{hu} is specified in the railway standard EN 50155:2021 clause 5.2.4: Class S2 is 10 ms. It is measured at $V_{B \text{ nom}}$ (nominal battery voltage) for interruption and short-circuit of the input. After such an event, the system is ready for the next event after 10 s.

Fig. 6 shows the output voltage V_{\circ} , if option M is fitted. Option M encompasses a backrush protection formed by a FET device. For less critical applications, option M is not required (class S1). Such units have a slightly better efficiency.

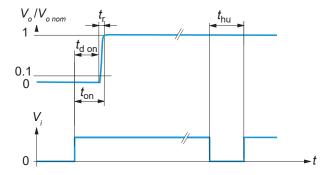


Fig. 6 Typical output response to V_i . If option M is not fitted, $t_{mi} = 0$ ms.



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Option Q: ORing FET for Redundant Systems

Two parallel connected converters are separated with ORing diodes (built by FETs). If one converter fails, the remaining one still delivers the full power to the loads. If more power is needed, the system may be extended to more parallel converters (n+1 redundancy).

Current sharing must be ensured by load lines of equal section and length. In addition, a slight droop characteristic of the outputs helpful as well.

To keep the losses as small as possible, the ORing diode is replaced by a FET.

Note: In the case of a failing converter, the output voltage is maintained by the redundant converters. However, the failing item should be identified and replaced. We recommend the Out OK function (option D).

Option F: Incorporated Fuse

Converters can be supplied either with or without incorporated non-replaceable fuse. When an internal fuse is assembled (option F present in part number), it will not trip at any continuous or transient conditions defined within EN 50155, except if the converter is defective. If an external fusing is to be used, it is recommended to follow the fuse rating specified in the table below:

Table 4: Recommended external fuses

Converter	Specification	Ordering number
72RCM500E-24	20 A, 680 A ² sec, Fast Blow	Bel Fuse 0ADGC9200
110RCM500E-24	16 A, 410 A ² sec, Fast Blow	Bel Fuse 0ADGC9160

Option K: Pluggable Connectors

This option allows the use of preassembled pluggable connectors; for details see Accessories.

Note: Female connectors must be ordered separately.



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ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC)

Electromagnetic Immunity

Table 5: Electromagnetic immunity (type tests). Corresponds or Exceeds EN50121-3-2:2016 and AREMA.

Phenomenon	Standard	Level	Coupling mode 1	Value applied	Waveform	Source imped.	Test procedure	In oper.	Perf. crit. ²			
Electrostatic	IEC/EN	4	contact discharge	6000 V _p	1/50 ns	330 Ω	10 pos. & 10 neg.	VOS	Α			
discharge (to case)	61000-4-2	4	air discharge	8000 V _p	1/30 115	150 pF	discharges	yes	^			
Electromagnetic	IEC/EN	Х	antenna	20 V/m	AM 80% / 1 kHz	N/A	80 – 800 MHz	yes	Α			
field	61000-4-3			20 V/m			800 – 1000 MHz					
			antanna	20 V/m ³	AM 900/ / 1 kH=	NI/A	1400 – 2000 MHz	,,,,,	Α			
			antenna	5 V/m	AM 80% / 1 kHz	N/A	2000 – 2700 MHz	yes	A			
				3 V/m			5100 – 6000 MHz					
Electrical fast transients/burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	3	capacitive, o/c	±2000 V _p	bursts of 5/50 ns; 2.5/5 kHz over 15 ms;	50 Ω	60 s positive 60 s negative	.,,,,,	Α			
		3	i/c, +i/–i direct	12000 V _p	12000 V _p		burst period: 300 ms		00 ==	transients per coupling mode	yes	A
Surges	IEC/EN		i/c	±2000 V _p		42 Ω			Α			
	61000-4-5	3	+i/—i	±1000 V _p	1.2 / 50 µs	0.5 µF	5 pos. & 5 neg. surges per	yes	A			
		i/c, +i/–i		±1000 V _p	1.27 00 μο	12 Ω 9 μF	coupling mode	you	В			
Conducted disturbances	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	3	i, o, signal wires	10 VAC (140 dBμV)	AM 80% / 1 kHz	150 Ω	0.15 – 80 MHz	yes	А			
Power frequency magnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-8	3		300 A/m			60 s in all 3 axis	yes	Α			

i = input, o = output, c = case

Electromagnetic Emissions

Radiated Emissions

The power supply complies with EN 50121-3-2:2017, Table 3, Section 3.1 & 3.2.

Conducted Emissions

The power supply complies with EN 61204-3, Table H2, Section 3.1.1 and EN 50121-3-2:2017, Table 2, Section 2.1

Radio compatibility of rail vehicles (EMV 06)

The power supply complies with EMV 06 regulation, Annex E, Class S2.

Note: The product certificate obtained from accredited laboratory is available on request.



² A = normal operation, no deviation from specs.; B = normal operation, temporary loss of function or deviation from specs possible

³ Tested value 20 V/m is required by AREMA; 10 V/m is valid for EN50121-3-2

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IMMUNITY TO ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Table 6: Mechanical and climatic stress. Air pressure 700 – 1200 hPa

Test n	nethod	Standard	Test Conditions		Status	
Ad	Low temperature	EN 50155:2021, clause 13.4.4	Temperature, duration:	- 40 °C, 2 h	Not opposite	
	start-up test	IEC/EN 60068-2-1	Performance test:	+25 °C	Not operating	
Ве	Dry heat test,	EN 50155:2021, clause 13.4.5	Temperature:	70 °C	Operating	
	cycle B	IEC/EN 60068-2-2	Duration:	6 h	perf. crit. A	
Db 2	Cyclic damp heat	EN 50155:2021, clause 13.4.8	Temperature:	55 °C and 25 °C		
	test	IEC/EN 60068-2-30	Cycles (respiration effect):	2	Not operating	
			Duration:	2x 24 h		
K a	Salt mist test	EN 50155:2021, clause 13.4.13	Temperature:	35 ±2 °C	Converter no	
	sodium chloride (NaCl) solution	IEC/EN 60068-2-11	Duration:	48 h	operating	
	Functional random	EN 50155:2021 clause 13.4.10.4	Acceleration amplitude:	$0.1 g_n = 1.01 \text{ m/s}^2$		
	vibration test		Frequency band:	5 – 150 Hz	Operating	
		class B, body mounted ¹	Test duration:	30 min (10 min in each axis)	perf. crit. A	
	Simulated long life	EN 50155:2021 clause 13.4.10.2	Acceleration amplitude:	$0.58 g_n = 5.72 \text{ m/s}^2$		
	testing	EN 61373:2010 clause 9, class B, body mounted ¹	Frequency band:	5 – 150 Hz	Not operatir	
		Class B, body mounted	Test duration:	15 h (5 h in each axis)		
	Shock test	EN 50155:2021 clause 13.4.10.3	Acceleration amplitude:	5.1 g _n		
		EN 61373:2010 clause 10, class B, body mounted ¹	Bump duration:	30 ms	Operating perf. crit. A	
		ciass B, body mounted	Number of bumps:	18 (3 in each direction)	port. onc. 71	
	Vibration sinusoidal	AREMA Part. 11.5.1 class C, D, E, I, J	Displacement amplitude:	0.3" (5 – 10 Hz) 0.07" (5 – 20 Hz)		
			Acceleration amplitude:	$1.5 g_n = 14.7 \text{ m/s}^2 (10 - 200 \text{ Hz})$	Operating	
			Frequency:	5 – 200 Hz	perf. crit. A	
			Test duration:	12 h (4 h in each axis)		
	Mechanical shock	AREMA Part. 11.5.1	Acceleration amplitude:	10 g _n = 98 m/s ²		
		class C, D, E, I, J	Bump duration:	11 ms	Operating perf. crit. A	
			Number of bumps:	18 (3 in each direction)	F 3 4	

¹ Body mounted = chassis of a railway coach

Temperatures

Table 7: Temperature specifications, valid for an air pressure of 700 - 1200 hPa (700 - 1200 mbar)

Model			EN S	RCM500E 50155:2021 Class	OT4	Unit
Chara	cteristics	Conditions	min	max	10 min	
T _A	Ambient temperature	Converter operating	- 40	70	85	
T _c	Case temperature 1		- 40	95		°C
T _s	Storage temperature	Not operational	- 55	85		

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Measured at the measurement point $T_{\rm C}$; see Mechanical Data.

Reliability

Table 8: MTBF

Calculation method	Model	MTBF
According to IEC 61709 / SN-29500	110RCM500E-24DMQF	> 1 000 000 h



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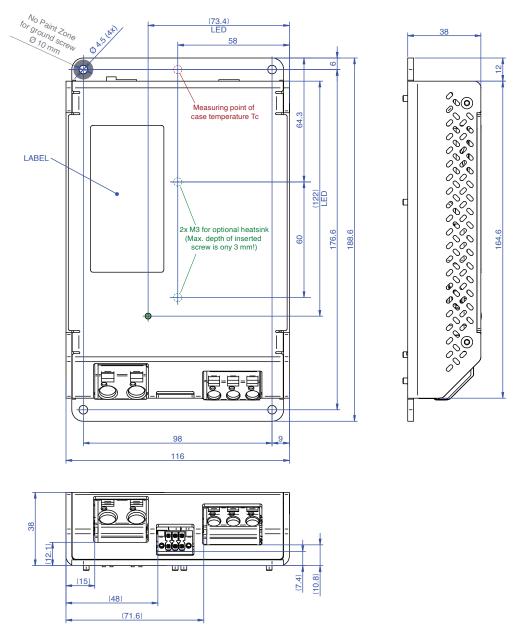
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MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm.



Case for RCM500E, Standard version, Aluminum, EP black anodized; 750 g.

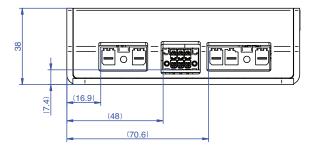


Fig. 8 Mechanical dimensions RCM500E (Version with option K)

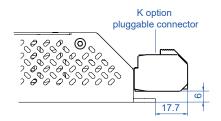


Fig. 9 Case detail (Version with option K)



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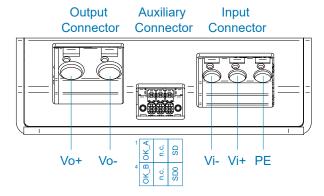
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SAFETY AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION

CONNECTORS AND PIN ALLOCATION

- Input connector (Wago 745-353), 3 pins: Vi+, Vi-, PE; wire sections: 0.2 6 mm², 24 10 AWG; Option K connector (Weidmüller 1048500000)
- Output connector (Wago 745-652/006-000), 2 pins: Vo+, Vo; wire sections: 0.2 16 mm², 24 06 AWG
 Option K connector (Weidmüller 1048390000)
- Auxiliary connector (Phoenix Contact 1874027)



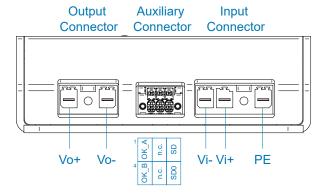


Fig. 10 Connectors and pin allocations

Fig. 11
Connectors and pin allocations (Version with option K)

Installation Instruction

These converters are components, intended exclusively for inclusion by an industrial assembly process or by a professionally competent person. Installation must strictly follow the national safety regulations in respect of the enclosure, mounting, creepage distances, clearances, markings and segregation requirements of the end-use application.

Connection to the system shall only be effected with cables with suitable section (primary and secondary connector in cage clamp technique).

The auxiliary connector shall be connected via the suitable female connector; see Accessories.

Other installation methods may not meet the safety requirements. Check that PE is safely connected to protective earth.

No fuse is incorporated in the converter (except for option F). An external circuit breaker or a fuse in the wiring to one or both input pins.

Do not open the converters, or the warranty will be invalidated. Make sure that there is sufficient airflow available for convection cooling and that the temperature of the bottom plate is within the specified range. This should be verified by measuring the case temperature at the specified measuring point, when the converter is operated in the end-use application. $T_{\text{C max}}$ should not be exceeded. Ensure that a failure of the converter does not result in a hazardous condition.

Standards and Approvals

The RCM Series converters are approved according to the last edition of IEC/EN 62368-1 and UL/CSA 62368-1.

They have been evaluated for:

- · Class I equipment
- Building in
- Double or reinforced insulation based on 250 VAC or 240 VDC between input and output, and between input and OK signals (relay contacts)
- · Pollution degree 2 environment

The converters are subject to manufacturing surveillance in accordance with the above mentioned safety standards and with ISO 9001:2015, IRIS ISO/TS 22163:2017 certified quality and business management system.

Cleaning Liquids and Protection Degree

The converters are not hermetically sealed. In order to avoid possible damage, any penetration of liquids shall be avoided. The converters correspond to protection degree IP 20.



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Railway Applications

The RCM Series converters have been designed observing the railway standards EN 50155:2021, EN 50121-3-2:2016, EN 50124-1:2017 and AREMA. All boards are coated with a protective lacquer.

The converters comply with the fire & smoke standard EN 45545:2016, HL1 to HL3.

Insulation Test

The electric strength test is performed in the factory as routine test in accordance with EN 62911, EN 50155:2021 and AREMA. It should not be repeated in the field, and the Company will not honor warranty claims resulting from incorrectly executed electric strength tests.

Table 9: Isolation

Characteristics	ı	nput to	Output to Case	Oł	Contacts	to	Unit	
		Output ¹	Case + Output		Input	Case	Outputs	
Electric strength test	Factory test 10 s	4.48	2.86	2.86	4.48	2.86	2.86	kVDC
Insulation resistance		>300 ²	>300²	>300	>300	>300	>300	ΜΩ
Creepage distances		5.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	mm

- Pretest of subassemblies in accordance with IEC/EN 62368-1
- ² Tested at 500 VDC

ACCESSORIES

Female Connector

A suitable female auxiliary connector is available • HZZ02021 (6 pins, Phoenix Contact 1790302)

Wire section: 0.2 - 1.5 mm², 24 - 16 AWG

Fig. 12 Female connector 6 pins

For converters with option K, use:

- HZZ00303-G (3 poles, Weidmüller 1060580000)
- HZZ00302-G (2 poles, Weidmüller 1060550000)

Wire section: $0.5 - 10 \text{ mm}^2$, 24 - 8 AWG





Fig. 13
Female connectors used with option K

NUCLEAR AND MEDICAL APPLICATIONS - These products are not designed or intended for use as critical components in life support systems, equipment used in hazardous environments, or nuclear control systems.

TECHNICAL REVISIONS - The appearance of products, including safety agency certifications pictured on labels, may change depending on the date manufactured. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

